

# **Book III - Service providers**

### Title I - Investment services providers

#### **Chapter III - Financial instrument governance requirements**

Section 1 - Financial instrument governance obligations for manufacturers

## **General regulation of the AMF**

## Article 313-12 into force since 03 January 2018

DISCLAIMER: Information boxes have been inserted within the General Regulation. They allow for a direct access to the relevant European regulations on the subject matter.

The user will be redirected to the European regulations as initially published in the Official Journal of the European Union and to the subsequent corrigenda, if any. The AMF does not guarantee the completeness of the redirections to these European regulations and corrigenda.

The boxes are located at the most relevant level of the GRAMF depending on the provision of the EU regulations to which they refer (Book, Title, Chapter, Section, etc.).

This additional material is provided for information purposes only and does not constitute a regulatory instrument. The AMF shall not be held liable or responsible for any harm resulting directly or indirectly from the provision or the use of these information boxes.

#### **Article 313-12**

- I.- The manufacturer shall undertake an analysis for each financial instrument that it manufactures to assess:
- 1 the risks of poor outcomes for end clients posed by the financial instrument; and
- 2 in which circumstances these outcomes may occur.
- II.- It shall assess the financial instrument under negative conditions covering what would happen if, for example:
- 1 the market environment deteriorates;
- 2 the manufacturer or a third party involved in manufacturing and or functioning of the financial instrument experiences financial difficulties or other counterparty risk materialises for the manufacturer or the third party;
- 3 the financial instrument fails to become commercially viable; or

| 202 | 3-10-11   |
|-----|---|
| 4 • | demand for the financial instrument is much higher than anticipated, compromising its financial position or disrupting the market of the underlying assets. |
|     |   |
|     |   |
|     | ∨ Version into force since 3 January 2018   |
|     |   |